would be protected by the current "swap agreement" definition in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act. If both of the parties are "financial institutions" under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act or the Federal Reserve Board's Regulation EE and the swap agreements are "netting contracts," then Party B might (although it is not entirely clear) be able to exercise its close-out, netting and foreclosure rights.

However, if one of the parties is not a "financial institution" or the contract does not constitute a "netting contract" (for example, because it is governed by the laws of the United Kingdom), then Party B could be subject, among other things, to the risk of 'cherry-picking"—the risk that Party A's receiver would assume responsibility only for the swap that currently favors Party A, leaving Party B with a potentially sizable claim against Party A (which would be undersecured because of the impairment of netting) and the risk that its foreclosure on any collateral would be blocked indefinitely. This could impair Party B's creditworthiness, which in turn could default lead to its to counterparties. It is this sort of "chain reaction" that can exacerbate systemic risk in the financial markets.

Finally, Mr. President, it is important to recognize that the framework for the bill I am introducing was contained in S. 1301, the bankruptcy bill introduced by Senator GRASSLEY last year which passed the Senate by a vote of 97–1.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 341

At the request of Mr. CRAIG, the name of the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. SMITH] was added as a cosponsor of S. 341, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the amount allowable for qualified adoption expenses, to permanently extend the credit for adoption expenses, and to adjust the limitations on such credit for inflation, and for other purposes.

S. 376

At the request of Mr. Burns, the name of the Senator from Maine [Ms. Snowe] was added as a cosponsor of S. 376, a bill to amend the Communications Satellite Act of 1962 to promote competition and privatization in satellite communications, and for other purposes.

S. 385

At the request of Mr. ENZI, the names of the Senator from Tennessee [Mr. FRIST] and the Senator from Kansas (Mr. Brownback) were added as cosponsors of S. 385, a bill to amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to further improve the safety and health of working environments, and for other purposes.

S. 434

At the request of Mr. BREAUX, the name of the Senator from Louisiana

[Ms. Landrieu] was added as a cosponsor of S. 434, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to simplify the method of payment of taxes on distilled spirits.

S. 440

At the request of Mr. Durbin, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 440, a bill to provide support for certain institutes and schools.

S. 505

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the names of the Senator from South Dakota [Mr. DASCHLE] and the Senator from Montana [Mr. BAUCUS] were added as cosponsors of S. 505, a bill to give gifted and talented students the opportunity to develop their capabilities.

S. 512

At the request of Mr. GORTON, the name of the Senator from Connecticut [Mr. DODD] was added as a cosponsor of S. 512, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the expansion, intensification, and coordination of the activities of the Department of Health and Human Services with respect to research on autism.

S. 514

At the request of Mr. COCHRAN, the name of the Senator from Montana [Mr. BAUCUS] was added as a cosponsor of S. 514, a bill to improve the National Writing Project.

S. 625

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Virginia [Mr. ROBB] was added as a cosponsor of S. 625, a bill to amend title 11, United States Code, and for other purposes.

S. 710

At the request of Mr. LOTT, the name of the Senator from Louisiana [Ms. LANDRIEU] was added as a cosponsor of S. 710, a bill to authorize the feasibility study on the preservation of certain Civil War battlefields along the Vicksburg Campaign Trail.

S. 774

At the request of Mr. Breaux, the name of the Senator from Colorado [Mr. CAMPBELL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 774, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the deduction for meal and entertainment expenses of small businesses.

S. 784

At the request of Mr. ROCKEFELLER, the name of the Senator from Virginia [Mr. ROBB] was added as a cosponsor of S. 784, a bill to establish a demonstration project to study and provide coverage of routine patient care costs for medicare beneficiaries with cancer who are enrolled in an approved clinical trial program.

S. 882

At the request of Mr. MURKOWSKI, the name of the Senator from Indiana [Mr. LUGAR] was added as a cosponsor of S. 882, a bill to strengthen provisions in the Energy Policy Act of 1992 and the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 with respect to potential Climate Change.

S. 918

At the request of Mr. KERRY, the name of the Senator from Pennsyl-

vania [Mr. Santorum] was added as a cosponsor of S. 918, A bill to authorize the Small Business Administration to provide financial and business development assistance to military reservists' small business, and for other purposes.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 22

At the request of Mr. DODD, the name of the Senator from North Dakota [Mr. DORGAN] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Concurrent Resolution 22, a concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to promoting coverage of individuals under long-term care insurance.

SENATE RESOLUTION 34

At the request of Mr. TORRICELLI, the name of the Senator from Idaho [Mr. CRAPO] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Resolution 34, a resolution designating the week beginning April 30, 1999, as "National Youth Fitness Week."

SENATE RESOLUTION 59

At the request of Mr. LAUTENBERG, the name of the Senator from Connecticut [Mr. DODD] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Resolution 59, a resolution designating both July 2, 1999, and July 2, 2000, as "National Literacy Day."

SENATE RESOLUTION 71

At the request of Mr. ABRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Louisiana [Mr. BREAUX] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Resolution 71, a resolution expressing the sense of the Senate rejecting a tax increase on investment income of certain associations.

SENATE RESOLUTION 93—TO RECOGNIZE LINCOLN PARK HIGH SCHOOL FOR ITS EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE, CONGRATULATING THE FACULTY AND STAFF OF LINCOLN PARK HIGH SCHOOL FOR THEIR EFFORTS, AND ENCOURAGING THE FACULTY, STAFF, AND STUDENTS OF LINCOLN PARK HIGH SCHOOL TO CONTINUE THEIR GOOD WORK INTO THE NEXT MILLENNIUM

Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Mr. FITZGERALD) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions:

S. RES. 93

Whereas 1999 marks the centennial anniversary of the establishment of Lincoln Park High School:

Whereas Lincoln Park High School is the oldest continually operated high school building in the Chicago Public School System:

Whereas Lincoln Park High School has been a cornerstone of the community and an educational leader in Chicago for 100 years;

Whereas over 100,000 students have graduated from Lincoln Park High School, with 85 percent of those students pursuing higher education:

Whereas throughout its existence, Lincoln Park High School has created an environment of academic excellence and has produced many Illinois State Scholars and National Merit Scholars;

Whereas Lincoln Park High School has been a leader in education, being the first